

## Unit 6 Review

"Don't waste this paper. **Do the review!!**" ELKS

1. Simplify each radical.

a)  $\sqrt{80} = 4\sqrt{5}$

b)  $\sqrt[3]{2^5 \cdot 3^3 a^4 b} = 6a\sqrt[3]{4ab}$

c)  $\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{15} = 3\sqrt{5}$

d)  $(5\sqrt{2})^2 = 50$

e)  $\frac{24}{\sqrt{3}} = 8\sqrt{3}$

f)  $\frac{10\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{24}} = 5$

h)  $\sqrt[3]{6000} = 10\sqrt[3]{6}$

i)  $\frac{10}{\sqrt[3]{25}} = 2\sqrt[3]{5}$

j)  $\sqrt{\frac{40}{16}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}$

k)  $\sqrt[3]{162c^7} = 3c^2\sqrt[3]{6c}$

2. Simplify

$$a) \sqrt{75} + 3\sqrt{12} = \underline{11\sqrt{3}}$$

$$b) \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{27} + \sqrt{5}) = \underline{9 + \sqrt{15}}$$

3. Simplify

$$a) (5 + 3\sqrt{3})(2 - \sqrt{3}) = \underline{1 + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$b) \frac{5}{3 + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{15 - 5\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

4. Solve each equation.

$$a) x + 5 = \sqrt{x + 5} + 6$$

$$\underline{x = 4}$$

$$b) \sqrt[3]{x - 2} + 4 = 6$$

$$\underline{x = 10}$$

5. Identify each number as rational or irrational.

a) 0.75

R

b)  $\sqrt{25}$

R

c)  $0.\overline{16}$

R

d)  $\sqrt{2}$

I

e)  $3\pi$

I

6. Rewrite the following decimals as simplified fractions. **Show the process.**

$$\text{a) } 0.\overline{18} = \frac{2}{11}$$

$$\text{b) } 0.32 = \frac{8}{25}$$

7. Simplify each expression.

$$\text{a) } 3\sqrt{-48} = 12i\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{b) } (3i)^2 = -9$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{35}{5\sqrt{-7}} = -i\sqrt{7}$$

$$\text{d) } \sqrt{-5} + \sqrt{-80} = 5i\sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{e) } \sqrt{-5} \cdot \sqrt{-80} = -20$$

$$\text{f) } \frac{16}{\sqrt{-8}} = -4i\sqrt{2}$$

8. Simplify each complex expression. **Pay attention to what operation you are being asked to do!**

$$\text{a) } (10 + 8i) + (6 - 5i) = 16 + 3i$$

$$\text{b) } (8 - 3i) - (5 - 3i) = 3$$

$$\text{c) } (3 + 4i)(2 - 7i) = 34 - 13i$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{9}{2+3i} = \frac{18}{13} - \frac{27i}{13}$$

