

b.) How high will it go?

$$h = 490\text{m}$$

5. A ball is thrown directly upward from ground level with an initial speed of 80 ft/sec.

a.) When will it return to the ground?

$$t = 0 \text{ (starting point)}$$

$$t = 50 \text{ sec (return to the ground)}$$

b.) How high will it go?

$$h = 100\text{ft}$$

Solving Polynomial Inequalities

The final section in this unit is solving polynomial inequalities. The use of factoring and graphing are the keys to solving these problems.

What does $ab > 0$ and $ab < 0$ mean?

the product of a · b is greater than 0

$ab > 0 \rightarrow$ means... that the product of a and b is a positive number

** So, a and b are either both positive numbers OR both negative numbers. (Example: $20 \rightarrow (4)(5)$ OR $(-4)(-5)$)

the product of a · b is less than 0

$ab < 0 \rightarrow$ means... that the product of a and b is a negative number

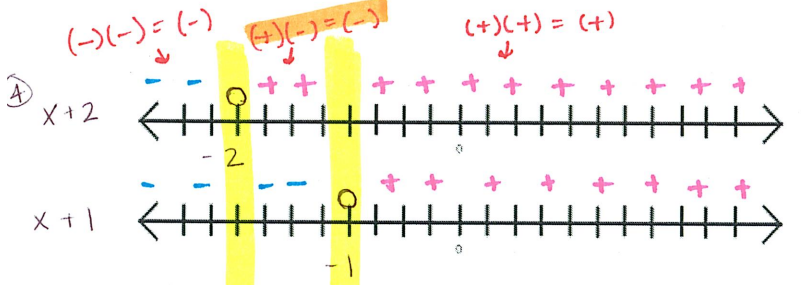
** So, a and b are either $(-a)(b)$ OR $(a)(-b)$
(Example: $-20 \rightarrow (-4)(5)$ OR $(4)(-5)$)

Example: Find and graph the solution set of $x^2 + 3x < -2$.

① $x^2 + 3x + 2 < 0$ *open points*
Need to find the region with the negative product.

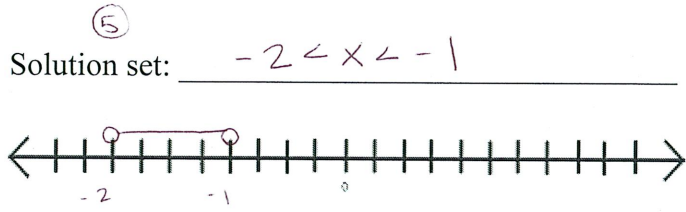
② Factor: $(x + 2)(x + 1) < 0$ *the negative product.*

③ $x + 2 = 0$ $x + 1 = 0$
 $x = -2$ $x = -1$



Steps:

1. Set one side of the inequality to zero.
2. Factor
3. Identify the "breaking points"
4. Graph separate number lines and combine
5. Identify the solution



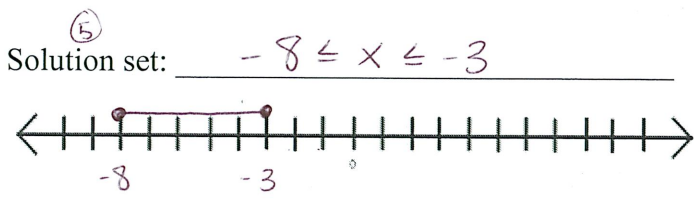
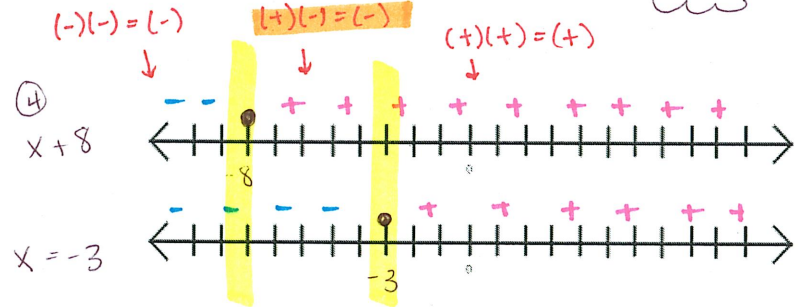
Break for Practice: Find and graph the solution set to each inequality.

1. $x^2 + 15x \leq 4x - 24 \Rightarrow$ ① $x^2 + 11x + 24 \leq 0$ *closed points*

② $(x + 8)(x + 3) \leq 0$

$x + 8 = 0$ $x + 3 = 0$
 $x = -8$ $x = -3$

③ $x = -8$ $x = -3$



$$2. 9r(r-1) \geq -2$$

$$9r^2 - 9r \geq -2$$

$$\textcircled{1} 9r^2 - 9r + 2 \geq 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} 9r^2 - 3r - 6r + 2 \geq 0$$

$$3r(3r-1) - 2(3r-1) \geq 0$$

$$(3r-1)(3r-2) \geq 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} 3r-1=0$$

$$3r-2=0$$

$$\frac{3r}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{3r}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$r = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$r = \frac{2}{3}$$

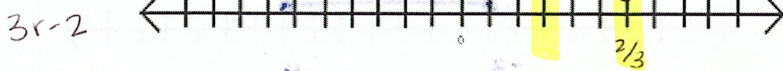
Closed points

Need to find the region with a positive product.

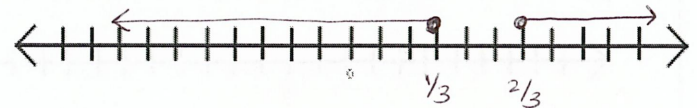
$(-)(-) = (+)$

$(+)(-) = (-)$

$(+)(+) = (+)$



Solution set: $x \leq \frac{1}{3}$ OR $x \geq \frac{2}{3}$



$$\textcircled{1} 3. 25x - x^3 > 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} x(25 - x^2) > 0 \text{ (GCF)}$$

$$x(5-x)(5+x) > 0 \text{ (Diff of Squares)}$$

Open points

Need to find the region with a positive product.

$\textcircled{3}$

$$x=0$$

$$5-x=0$$

$$5+x=0$$

$(-)(+)(-) = (+)$

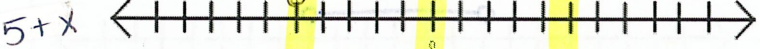
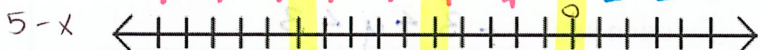
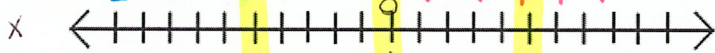
$(-)$

$(+)$

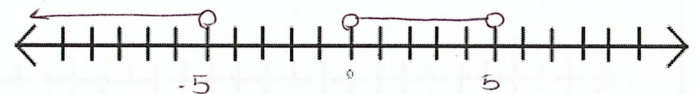
$$5=x$$

$(-)$

$$x = -5$$



Solution set: $x < -5$ OR $0 < x < 5$

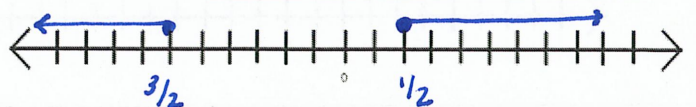


Extended Practice: Find and graph the solution set to each inequality.

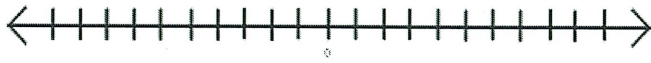
$$1. 4x(x+1) \geq 3$$



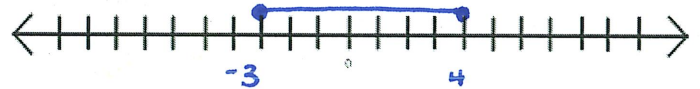
Solution set: $x \leq -\frac{3}{2}$ OR $x \geq \frac{1}{2}$



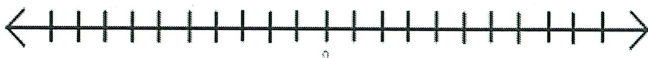
$$2. 12 + s - s^2 \geq 0$$



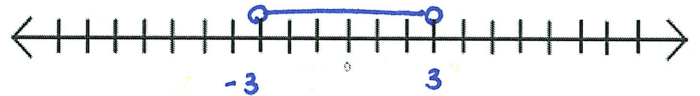
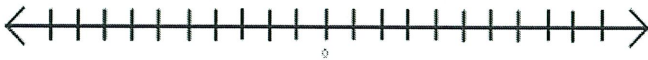
Solution set: $-3 \leq s \leq 4$



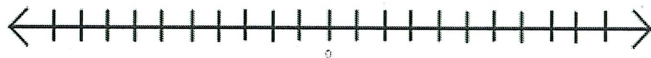
$$3. 4y^2 < 36$$



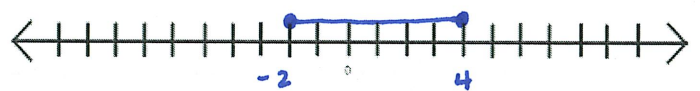
Solution set: $-3 < y < 3$



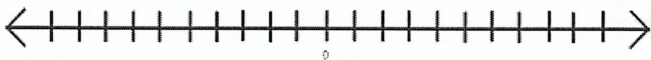
$$4. r^2 \leq 2(r + 4)$$



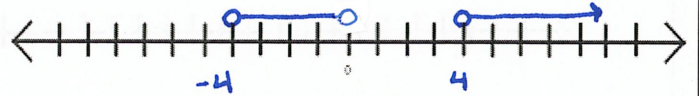
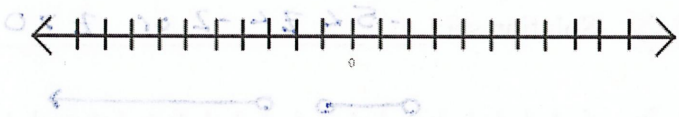
Solution set: $-2 \leq r \leq 4$



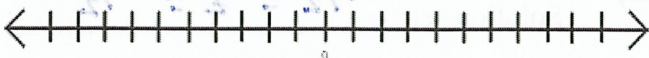
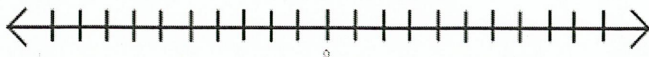
5. $x^3 - 16x > 0$



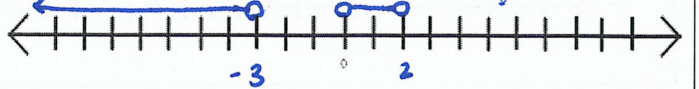
Solution set: $-4 < x < 0$ or $x > 4$



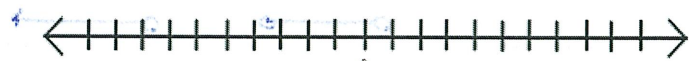
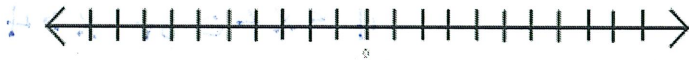
6. $y^3 + y^2 < 6y$



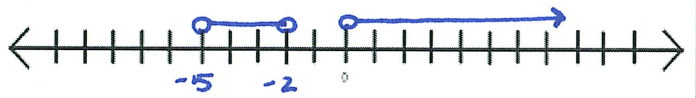
Solution set: $y < -3$ or $0 < y < 2$



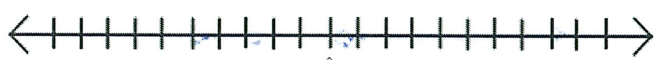
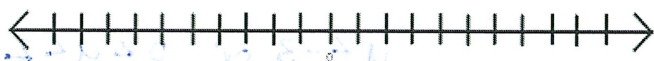
7. $z^3 + 7z^2 + 10z > 0$



Solution set: $-5 < z < -2$ or $z > 0$



8. $4z(z - 1) \leq 15$



Solution set: $-\frac{3}{2} \leq z \leq \frac{5}{2}$

